

#### **PATENT**

#### IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of : Customer Number: 20277

Tetsuo YUKIMASA, et al. : Confirmation Number: 7282

Application No.: 10/699,848 : Group Art Unit: 1637

Filed: November 04, 2003 : Examiner: PANDE, SUCHIRA

For: METHOD OF DETECTING INORGANIC PHOSPHORIC ACID, PYROPHOSPHATE

AND NUCLEIC ACID, AND METHOD OF TYPING SNP SEQUENCE OF DNA

## **Declaration Under 37 C.F.R. § 1.132**

Mail Stop Amendment Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

- I, Hidenobu Yaku, declare as follows:
- I am a graduate of Nagoya University Graduate School of Bioagricultural
   Sciences.
  - 2. I am employed as a Senior Researcher by Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., LTD.
- 3. I am a coinventor of U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 10/699,848, METHOD OF DETECTING INORGANIC PHOSPHORIC ACID, PYROPHOSPHATE AND NUCLEIC ACID, AND METHOD OF TYPING SNP SEQUENCE OF DNA, filed November 4, 2003 (the present invention).
- 4. I have read and am familiar with the disclosure of the above-captioned patent application.

5. At my direction and under my supervision Sample 4 according to Table 4 was prepared.

Table 4

	Sample 4			
	Mediator Not Present and Diaphorase Pres			
Reagents	Volume	Final Conc.		
1 M Tricine(pH 8.8)	9 μl	45 mM		
100 mM NAD <sup>+</sup> Aqueous Solution	$2 \mu l$	1 mM		
100 mM Potassium Ferricyanide Aqueous	$0 \mu l$			
Solution				
0.1 mM Phosphoric Acid Aqueous Solution	160 μl	0.08 mM		
30 mM GAP Aqueous Solution	7 μl	1 mM		
Distilled Water	12 μl			
1000 U/ml Diaphorase	2 μl	10 U/ml		
Total	192 μl			

- 6. 96  $\mu$ l of Sample 4 was introduced into a cuvette and the cuvette and Sample were stored for 5 minutes at 30 °C.
- 7.  $4 \mu l$  of 800 U/ml GAPDH was added to Sample 4 to provide a total sample volume of 100  $\mu l$  with a GAPDH concentration of 32 U/ml.
- 8. The change in ultraviolet/visible light absorbance of Sample 4 was measured at a wavelength of 340 nm.
- 9. The phosphoric acid reaction change rate was calculated by dividing the absorbance change rate by the molar absorbance coefficient. The phosphoric acid reaction change rate, absorbance change rate, and the molar absorbance coefficient are shown in Table 5.

Table 5

	Sample 4 Mediator Not Present and Diaphorase Present
Absorbance Change Rate	0.0120 A/min
Measured Wavelength	340 nm
Measured Substance	NADH
Molar Absorption Coefficient	6,220
Phosphoric Acid Reaction Change Rate	1.93 μM/min

10. I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further, that these statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of this application or any patent issuing therefrom.

January 30, 2007	Hidenobu Yaku			
Date	Hidenobu Yaku			



Docket No.: 061352-0052

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#### **Declaration Under 37 C.F.R. § 1.132**

Mail Stop Amendment Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Sir:

- I, Tetsuo Yukimasa, declare as follows:
- I am a graduate of Osaka University, Department of Biophysical Engineering,
   School of Engineering Science.
  - 2. I am employed as an Engineer by Matsushita Electric Industrial Co., LTD.
- 3. I am a coinventor of U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 10/699,848, METHOD OF DETECTING INORGANIC PHOSPHORIC ACID, PYROPHOSPHATE AND NUCLEIC ACID, AND METHOD OF TYPING SNP SEQUENCE OF DNA, filed November 4, 2003 (the present invention).
- 4. I have read and am familiar with the disclosure of the above-captioned patent application.

5. At my direction and under my supervision Samples 1, 2, and 3 according to Table 1 were prepared.

Table 1

	Sample 1 Mediator and Diaphorase Not Present		Sample 2 Mediator Present and Diaphorase Not Present		Sample 3 Diaphorase and Mediator Present	
Reagents	Volume	Final	Volume	Final	Volume	Final
		Conc.		Conc.	•	Conc.
1 M Tricine (pH 8.8)	9 μ1	45 mM	9 μ1	45 mM	9 μl	45 mM
100 mM NAD <sup>+</sup> Aqueous Solution	2 μ1	1 mM	2 μ1	1 mM	2 μ1	1 mM
100 mM Potassium Ferricyanide Aqueous Solution	0 μ1		2 μ1	1 mM	2 μl	1 mM
0.1 mM Phosphoric Acid Aqueous Solution	160 μΙ	0.08 mM	160 μΙ	0.08 mM	160 μl	0.08 mM
30 mM GAP Aqueous Solution	7 μ1	1 mM	7 μ1	1 mM	7 μΙ	1 mM
Distilled Water	14 μl		12 μl		10 μl	
1000 U/ml diaphorase	0 μ1		0 μ1		2 μl	10 U/mM
Total	192 μΙ		192 μl		192 μl	

- 6. 96  $\mu$ l of each Sample was introduced into a cuvette and the cuvettes and Samples were stored for 5 minutes at 30 °C.
- 7.  $4 \mu l$  of 800 U/ml GAPDH was added to each Sample to provide a total sample volume of 100  $\mu l$  with a GAPDH concentration of 32 U/ml.

- 8. The change in ultraviolet/visible light absorbance of the Samples was measured. Sample 1 was measured at a wavelength of 340 nm. Samples 2 and 3 were measured at a wavelength of 420 nm.
- 9. The phosphoric acid reaction change rates were calculated by dividing the absorbance change rates by the molar absorbance coefficients. The substrate reaction change rates, absorbance change rates, and the molar absorbance coefficients are shown in Table 2.
- 10. The reaction between NADH and potassium ferricyanide is a two-electron reaction: NADH + 2 potassium ferricyanide → NAD+ + 2 potassium ferrocyanide. Therefore, the calculated phosphoric acid reaction change rate for Sample 3 was divided by 2 because the ratio of the number of electrons involved in the phosphoric acid:NADH:potassium ferricyanide reaction is 1:1:2.

Table 2

	Sample 1 Mediator and Diaphorase Not Present	Sample 2 Diaphorase Not Present and Mediator Present	Sample 3 Diaphorase and Mediator Present
Absorbance Change Rate	0.0117 A/min	-0.0448 A/min	-1.409 A/min
Measured Wavelength	340 nm	420 nm	420 nm
Measured Substance	NADH	Potassium Ferricyanide	Potassium Ferricyanide
Molar Absorption Coefficient	6,220	1,096	1,096
Phosphoric Acid Reaction Change Rate	1.88 μM/min	20.4 μM/min	643 μM/min

11. As shown in Table 3, Sample 3 containing both diaphorase and the mediator has a phosphoric acid reaction change rate 342 times greater than Sample 1. The relative reaction change rates were determined by setting the reaction change rate of Sample 1 to 1.

Table 3

	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Relative Phosphoric Acid Reaction Rates	1	11	342

12. I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further, that these statements are made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of this application or any patent issuing therefrom.

January 31, 2007 Tetsuo Yukimasa

Tetsuo Yukimasa